VHIMSOFTREASURYCLERKS

They Imagine Secret-Service Officers Are Watching Them Wherever They Go.

How Russian Refiners Are Trying to Supplant American Petroleum with a Worthless Illuminating Article of Their Own.

TREASURY CLERKS.

Nearly All Believe They Are Constantly Shadowed by Secret-Service Detectives. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.-Treasury Department clerks complain that they are being shadowed by government detectives. Said one of the oldest of them, to-day: "It is the only disagreeable feature of my employ-ment to feel that I am always being watched, and that I can never leave the department building or my house with any confidence that my footsteps are not dogged by secret-service detectives in search of information as to my habits. The fact is that of the 1,400 employes in the Treasury, at least 1,000 are firmly convinced that they are followed about pretty nearly all the time by government detectives employed expressly for that purpose, to see that they behave themselves and to report everything they do that is naughty to the authorities of the department. If a money-counter takes a glass of beer in a saloon he imagnes that the man who picks his teeth on the other side of the screen in the doorway is lurking there to watch the motions of his elbow. If the young lady who helps work the 'hash' machine in the redemption division indulges in a flirtation at an evening party, it is with a faint though haunting dread lest the violin player may possibly be observing her at so much an hour, drawn on vouchers against the secret-service fund. If the youth who does up silver in bags of \$1,000 each invests \$2 in poker chips, he cannot help suspecting that the newly introduced acquaintance on the opposite side of the table, who keeps 'straddling the blind' so provokingly, is an officer in disguise detailed to shadow him."

RUSSIAN PETROLEUM.

It Is Worthless as an Illuminator-How Discredit Is Cast Upon American Oil. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Washington, Sept. 21.-Information has reached the Department of State that the petroleum fields of southern Russia threaten to destroy the interests of the American article in all Oriental countries, the Persian and Palestine purchases being exclusively of the Russian article. If Russian petroleum drives American petroleum out of any market as an illuminator, it is the fault of the American government. Your correspondent made an investigation of this problem in Russia two years ago, and has received considerable information on the subject since leaving the Czar's dominions. Russian petroleum is not an illuminator, any more than the oil produced by the fields of northern Ohio, where it is used exclusively as fuel. At St. Petersburg is located the largest oil refinery to be found outside of the United States. Its owner was formerly a Boston man, and from the Batoum crude oil he made every conceivable grade of illuminating fluids and vaseines. He said of the proposition that Russian petroleum will some day take the export trade of the American product: "Impossible; that is unless your people are stupid or negligent. The first thing the American producers should do is to stop the fraudulent use of American casks in the sale of the Russian oil. The petroleum is not fit for illuminating purposes, for I have tried to refine it and gave up in disgust. But there are refiners here who put it up in American casks or new packages to imitate that from your country, and sell it. The consumers do not know the difference, f they have never used the American oil which is 500 per cent. better. We have got plenty of the oil, but it is dirty and will not burn in lamps. Your State Department can rectify this wrong by proper negotia-tions with our Foreign Office."

MINOR MATTERS.

France Apologizes for Imprisoning Three American Ladies, and the Incident Closes. WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The governments of the United States and France have Enally reached a peaceful settlement of the liplomatic complications arising from the arrest and discourteous treatment of Miss Dorr. Miss Van Nostrand and another New York lady by the French police authorities at Mentone. These ladies were arrested and thrown into a cell at the instance of a dress-maker with whom they had had a dis-pute over a bill. Minister Reid has finally been able to elicit from the French govern ment an explanation and apology, wit notice that the offending officials had been reprimanded. These facts were communicated to the complainants, and as they have expressed themselves as entirely satisfied with the measure of reparation, the incident may be regarded as closed.

The Pension Commissionership. WASHINGTON, Sept. 21 .- Secretary Noble returned to Washington, from Deer Park, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and beyond the state ment that Major Warner left Deer Park this morning, for Kansas City, he refused to say anything whatever in connection with the pension commissionership matter.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 21.—Maj. G. S. Merrill this morning telegraphed Major Warner, in Washington, absolutely withdrawing his (Merrill's) name from all consideration in connection with the office of Pension Commissioner.

Soldiers Cannot Vote. Washington, Sept. 21.—Secretary Proctor has been looking further into the complaints coming from persons in the new States, that a number of soldiers quartered therein were about to vote at the approaching elections. The Secretary has replied that soldiers cannot acquire a legal voting residence by means of their military serv-ice in a State, and if they undertake to vote ilshe civil authorities will be able to cope

Quick Work in Examining Pension Claims. Washington, Sept. 21:-As a result of the orissued by Secretary Proctor six weeks ago, stablishing the bureau of records and pensions in his office, the number of pension claims awaiting examination, which was then 40,000, with a daily accumulation of one hundred, have all been passed upon, and that it is now possible for claims received in the morning to be examined and disposed of the same day.

Fourth-Class Indiana Postmasters.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Sept. 21 .- Indiana postmasters were appointed to-day as follows: Crooked Creek, Steuben county, Judson Bradley, vice 8. L. Collins, removed; Foltz, Jefferson county, Eachael M. Weaver, vice D. Oliver, removed; Vera Cruz, Wells county, Ernst S. Heche, vice Wm. Mertz, jr., removed; Yorktown, Delaware county, Jacob W. Crawford, vice L. D. Overmine, removed.

Minister Douglass to Shortly Leave for Hayti. WASHINGTON, Sept. 21 .- Frederick Douglass, United States minister to Hayti, was at the Department of State to-day receiving his final instructions. He will sail for his post on Saturday, Sept. 28, from Norfolk or Fort Monroe, on either the United States steamer Ossipee or Kearsarge, as may be determined by the Navy Department.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Sept. 21-M. N. Mansfield and family, of Indianapolis, are at the Metropolitan. Sid H. Nealy, of Indiana, was to-day promoted

in the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury, from \$5 to \$6 per day. Charles June, of Indianapolis, is here.

Thomas A. Long, of Terre Haute, is at the St. A. F. Springsteen, of the War Department, accompanied by his wife and little daughter, left this evening for Indianapolis, where they will remain until the 25th inst., and then go to Waynetown to attend the reunion of the Sixtyhird Indians Volunteers, in which regiment

to be collector of internal revenue for the tenth To-day's bond offerings and acceptances were: Coupon fours, \$1,500, at \$1.28; registered fours, \$14,750, at \$1.28; coupon four-and-a-halfs, \$2,000, at \$1.05%. registered four-and-a-halfs, \$6,350 and \$1,000 at \$1.05%. The Department of State has just fixed the price of Volume 25 of the Revised Statutes, containing the acts of the Fiftieth Congress, at \$2.55 per

L. T. Michener, Attorney-general of Indiana, visited the President at Deer Park to-day. Mr. Michener came to discuss State affairs with the President.

A BURNING GAS WELL.

Destruction Caused by a Venturesome Visitor Who Wanted to See a Blaze. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., Sept. 21 .- The work of the Natural-gas Company of this city was rewarded, on Tuesday last, by striking a gushing gas well, the most powererful in this entire region. It was impossible to entirely stop the flow of gas, and, since the find was made, work has been going forward to tap the monster below the surface and utilize the fluid for light and power in the city. Hundreds of persons have come to inspect the well, and this evening a visitor more venturesome than the rest approached and tossed a lighted match toward it for the sole purpose of seeing the blaze. The gas was instantly ignited and sprang upward in a flame that quickly enveloped the great derrick and sheds adjoining. In a few moments they were reduced to ashes, and the great waving stream of burning gas sprang upward unobstructed. The light can be seen for many miles. The strip of woods near the well took fire, and, as it is very dry, the flames there are raging furiously and scores of men are busy trying to prevent it from spreading further. If it gets beyond their control great damage will certainly be done. No means of stopping the blaze at the gas well are at hand, and absolutely nothing can be done to check it. The community is terribly excited and in great fear that a devastating fire will ensue.

Other Fires.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 20.—The town of Normal, Bloomington's northern suburb, was visited by a fire this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, which threatened to destroy the entire business portion of the place. The timely arrival of a steamer from this city was all that prevented a great conagration. The losses are: J. S. Weatings, feed-nill and contents, \$1,500; A. S. Williams, carpenter shop, \$500; Henry Goff, blacksmith, \$500; John Trimmer's blacksmith shop, \$500; August Schænfeldt's barn, \$500; W. A. Pennems, books and furnace patterns, \$2,500. There was

Tipton, Ind., Sept. 21—Yesterday evening the frame barn of J. W. Havens, east of here, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$1,200; no insurance. This is the second barn that has been burned in that neighborhood within the past week, and both fires were of incendiary origin.

EYOTA, Minn., Sept. 21.—Fire last night burned six business houses, among them being Hereday's jewelry store, Smith's saloon, A. Wick-ler's barbershop, S. Wilson's hotel, Mattson & Weston's meat market, and two vacant buildings. Loss about \$7,000; about one-third covered by

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 21.—The business portion of Kensington, Prince Edward Island, was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is estimated at \$75,000; insurance, \$40,000. The Queen City of London, British American, Imperial, Royal, and other English companies are largely

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The freight-boat Nash-ua, of the Providence line, was damaged by fire this morning to the extent of \$15,000; fully in-

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ex-policeman McDonald, of Chicago, was fatally shot by his wife, during a family quarrel, Frank Lewis shot and killed Steve Johnston at Butte, M. T., Friday evening. Both men were Dick Gannore, of Wichita, Kan., has confessed murdering his stepfather, William Sullard, at Wellsville, O., a year ago. Mrs. Charles La Page, of Chouteau City, M. T.,

C. G. Sayle, of Fresno, Cal., has been appointed Iministrator of the late David S. Terry's estate, the value of which is \$110,000. John H. Parker, a prominent colored man, proprietor of the Phœnix foundry, at Ripley, O., was fatally stabbed yesterday, by William

band was away at the time.

was burned to death a few days ago. Her hus-

Fry. Fry is a notorious character. Solomon Fetch, a veteran of the civil war, was found lying on his homestead, near Iron Mountain, Mich., with a bullet hole in his brain. How or by whom he was killed remains unknown. Speaker of the House John G. Carlisle and wife passed through Chicago yesterday on their way to Pokatello, I. T., to see a son who is seriously ill. The Speaker's stay in the West will depend altogether upon the condition of his son. At a meeting of the creditors of E. & A. H. Batchellor & Co., boots and shoes, Boston and North Brookfield, it was decided to accept the firm's offer of 75 cents on the dollar; 65 cents

in cash; 5 per cent. April 1, 1890, and 5 per H. C. Hoffman Post, G. A. R., of Elmira, N. Y., has unanimously adopted a series of resolutions in condemnation of the administration for demanding the resignation of "our honest and hon-orable comrade, James Tanner, of whose integrity and loyalty there can be no question." Thomas Green, an express messenger on the Newport News & Mississippi Valley railroad, was arrested at Louisville, charged with having stolen \$800 worth of diamonds from a trunk

about ten days ago. The baggage-master, whose

name is White, was arrested at Lexington.

Why One of Ives's Witnesses Failed to Arrive. CINCINNATI, Sept. 21.—An evening paper prints an interview with Vice-president Woodford, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Company, concerning the alleged attempt of President Julius Dexter to prevent the attendance of the colored porter of the road, J. H. Wilson, as a witness for Henry S. Ives in New York. He says that Mr. Dexter had nothing whatever to do with the matter, but that on Thursday Wilson showed Vice-president Woodford a telegram from New York announcing the death of an aunt and asking him to come forthwith. Mr. Wood-ford gave him a pass to go to New York. The next day he discovered that Wilson had no aunt to die in New York, but that this dispatch had been sent by Ives's attorney to get Wilson in New York without expense. Woodford then tele-graphed to the conductor, canceling Wilson's pass, but has not heard from the witness since.

Officers of the Brotherhood of Conductors. Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 21.—The order of Brotherhood of Conductors closed its first annual convention yesterday. The following officers were elected: Grand chief, George W Howard, of Evansville. Ind.; assistant grand chief, C. T. Moore, of Los Angeles; grand secre-tary and treasurer, D. J. Con, of Los Angeles; executive committee, W. H. Sheasly, J. G. Ward, William Musher, all of Los Angeles. The head-quarters will remain in Los Angeles for the en-suing year. The next session will be held in Toledo, O., Sept. 18, 1890. Last night abanquet was served at the Nadeau House, presided over by Mayor Hazard. The next two days will be spent in excursions to San Diego and other points of interest in the southern part of Cali-

Alleged Cause of the Rlot in Navassa. WHEELING, W. V., Sept 21.—The recent dispatches from Kingston, Jamaica, giving account of a revolt in Navassa in which a number of Americans were killed, has excited much interest in this section of the country, all the more so because a well-known colored man, Jeff Davis, a citizen of Wheeling, has recently returned from the scene of the rebellion, and tells a story of shocking cruelty to the slaves, who are held in bondage in Navassa. The stories of cruelty and tyranny in the island which he told seem to explain the present report of a revolt. Davis pre-dicted that if some bright, bold man ever got sufficient influence to become a leader of the blacks on the island, there would be a general

uprising and a bloody massacre. Peculiar Allment of a Bereaved Wife. BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Sept. 21.—The physicians of this city are puzzled over the peculiar condition of the widow of W. A. Dennison, the brakeman who was killed in the Grand Trunk yards a week ago. Since the funeral the unfort-unate woman has been as one dead. A deathlike sleep has taken hold of her. Her body is perfectly rigid and she takes no heed of suroundings. No nourishment has passed her lips with the exception of a little beef tea that was given her yesterday morning. At intervals violent spasms shake her frame, after which she relapses into her former stupor. She was taken to the asylum at Kalamazoo.

Killed While Saving Her Sister.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Sept. 21.—At the inquest to-day in the case of Sallie Lyle, a fourteen-year-old girl, who was instantly killed last night, being struck by an express train, the fact was developed that the girl lost her life in saving a younger sister. The two were walking on the east track and stepped to the west track to avoid a coal train. As they did so the express thundered by. Seizing her sister, Sallie Lyle pushed her from the track, and the next instant was hurled against the coal train and run over.

Steamship Arrivala.

GLASGOW, Sept. 21.—Arrived: Manitoban, from Philadelphia. Charles Scott, of West Virginia, the newly inted pardon clerk of the Department of ice, qualified to day and at once entered on descharge of his new duties.

New York, Sept. 21.—Affived. Charles interest of Liverpool, and Rugia, from Hamburg.

London, Sept. 21.—Affived. Charles interest of London, Sept. 21.—Affived. Charles interest inte

RUMORS ABOUT THE K. OF L.

The Entire Executive Board Suspended for Lack of Funds to Pay Salaries.

Ir. Powderly Also Said to Be Preparing His Resignation - General Resumption of Work Expected at the Brazil Mines.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 21.-The Leader will publish a story to-morrow on reliable authority to the effect that the entire executive board of the Knights of Labor have been suspended because of there being no money in the general treasury to pay their salaries; also, that the general lecturers, with the possible exception of Mr. Wright, have been called in for the same reason. Mr. Powderly is said to be preparing his resignation, which he will present to the General Assembly in Atlanta in November, for the reason that he is not getting his salary. He will then begin the practice of law.

Strike Situation at Brazil.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Brazil, Ind., Sept. 21.—There has been no contrary development in the mining sitnation since the Perth miners decided to go to work. There has been a dishonest attempt by interested parties to pervert the truth in the action of the Perth miners. The vote, as reported on the third day, showed sixty-five for work to nothing against. The concessions, if they may be so called, are immaterial, that is, the operators did not hesitate to make them. They really made them before the Board of State Charities in June, and would doubtless have made them to the miners early in May, when the strike was incubating, had they been asked. They are virtually a reduction in the expense of mining proportionate to the reduced rate demanded. All this talk about the operators cutting down the mining rate, while refusing to reduce the price of powder, blacksmithing, and even house rent, is the worst kind of

miners' action, says more than it aimed to say in the following indecent but signifi-"A few company sucks called a few men together and told them a pack of lies about the central committee, and misrepresented things to the Austrians, and got up an ex-

citement which will amount to nothing

A local sheet, commenting on the Perth

when the facts are known." Lies about the central committee! The question arises, what is wrong with the entral committee that has received and disbursed the \$25,000 or \$30,000 that have been given for the relief of the strikers so far? Well, these Perth miners vow that that they did not get their apportionment, and this was alleged as the cause of re-turning to work. They do not charge the committee with crookedness, but they express much dissatisfaction over its mangement of the funds.

Mine No. 8 will open Monday with perhaps a hundred men. Talk is talk, alhough these miners have signed a yearly contract; but their example in going to work will be contagious. The entire district is infected now, as fully two hundred miners are at work in various widelyscattered mines, and the disease will break

The result of the meeting of striking miners at Harmony and Cardonia to-day was the appointment of a delegation to visit the No. 8 miners at Perth to-morrow to them to continue strike instead of resuming work Monday at the operators' offer. erth miners allege unfair dealings if not crookedness on the part of the cen-tral relief committee and will have nothing more to do with it. They are determine and are not in a mood to brook interference. However, force, it is said, will not be used. Much interest centers event and trouble may result. Fully 100 miners will resume work n No. 8. Ten more, making forty in all,

will go to work in No. 10. The example of 300 or more miners at work at the reduction will, it is thought, roject a stampede that will break he strike summarily. Everything is quiet at Perth to-day, except that a miner named Mish swore out a warrant against Joseph Bosley for saying, "If Mish returns to work Monday, I will kill him." Bosley

Miners' K. of L. Assembly.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 21.—The only ousiness of importance at the miners' convention to-day was the election of officers and the selection of delegates to the Gen. eral Assembly. Inventor Shaw again explained his gas-detecting apparatus to the de legates, after which the regular business was proceeded with. The delegates to the General Assembly, which meets at Atlanta, Ga., in November, are: John B. Rae and Robert Watchorn, of Pennsylvania; Thomas McQuaid, of Indiana; Robert Lynn, of Kan-sas; L. M. Beatty, of Ohio; John Costello and M. B. Wilson, of New York. The following officers were elected this morning: Master workman, John B. Rae: worthy foreman, D. M. Beatty; secretary and treasurer, John Nugent: executive board, John H Rae, Robert Watchorn, Robert Lynn, W. C. Webb. W. B. Wilson and James Kegan. The convention adjourned to meet at Columbus, O., on the third Wednesday of September, 1890.

Cigar-Makers' Strike Statistics. NEW YORK, Sept. 21 .- To-day's morning session of the International Cigar-makers was wholly taken up by the report of the committee on strikes. During the past two years 160 strikes have occurred in the trade and the sum of \$53,687.92 was expended. The causes of the strikes are given as follows: Against reduction of wages, 85; against tenement-house labor, 8; violation of apprentice rule, 11; for increase of wages. 30; against interference by Knights of Labor, 3; lockouts, 6; victimized for being men, 13; other causes, 4. Eighty strikes were successful and 17 compromised; the result of 15 not reported, and 7 are still in progress. It was moved by the committee that the convention exonerate the union men of this city from the charge of sending men to Boston during the progress of the strikes there last March. The matter, by an overwhelming vote, was referred

back to the committee for investigation. Fatal Elevator Accident.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 21 .- The wire cable supporting the elevator in the new Schmitz building broke, at noon to-day, just as Michael Koehl, a stone-cutter, started to lower himself to the ground. The elevator and its occupant fell from the fourth story to the bottom. Koehl had both legs and his back broken and received other terrible injuries, which will cause his death. He is the only support of a large family.

Pioneer Drops Dead.

Secial to the Indianapolis Journal WABASH, Ind., Sept. 21 .- G. W. Horton, one of the oldest residents of Kosciusko county, and father of George Horton, agent of the Cincinnati, Wabash & Michigan railway at this point dropped dead of heart disease at his home in Milford, this afternoon. Deceased was seventy-four years of age, and had been ill for some time

Kicked Too High.

Special to the Judianapolis Journal. HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Sept. 20 .- In a contest, to-day, between local high-kickers, Ambrose Martindale and John Bolner, the latter was severely injured in a fall, breaking his left arm. The accident occurred at the commencement of the contest. Bolner kicked "the pattern," eight feet, and met with the hurt. The contest was declared a draw. Obituary.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DANVILLE, Ill., Sept. 21 .- Elwood R. Ankrum, deputy sheriff of Vermillion county, died at his home in this city last night, after a brief illness. He was an efficient officer and one of the best men in the county. He will be buried by the

Masonic fraternity on Monday. Counterfeiters Arrested. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NORTH VERNON, Ind., Sept. 21.-Marshal Shaffer to-day arrested James Read, of Aurora, and illiam Beatty, of Rising Sun, who had bogus dollar coins. It was a poor counterfeit.

Chicago Disciple of Dickens's Fagin. CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Emma Meyer was brought before Justice Kersten, this morning, to answer to the charge of burglary. Three of her friends

were also in court, charged with disorderly conduct. None of the girls is over sixteen years of age. Officer Lorch had made the arrests, and in his statement to the court said that Emma Meyer had confessed to him that a Mrs. Haak had told her to steal. "I investigated the child's story," said the officer, "and found it to be true. I find that this woman has half a dozen girls living with her, and as far as I can discover she keeps them for the purpose of making them steal for her. The stolen goods were found in her possession, and of the fact that she has induced these three girls, Emma Meyer, Lucy Henber and Annie Giebeck, to leave home and stay at her house I have ample proof."

UGLY FRAUDS ALLEGED.

Result of the Investigation Into the Doherty Assignment at Crawfordsville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Sept. 21 .- A new sensation has developed to-day in the case of the late failure of Marsh Doherty, carriage and wagon-dealer. Some four weeks ago Doherty made an assignment to A. F. Ramsay, and named the First National Bank of this city, as a preferred creditor to the sum over \$4,000. The liabilities amounted to \$35,000. The other creditors commenced an investigation and found that \$10,200 had been sequestered by shipping it to O. T. Street, at Kansas City, and also that several farms had been purchased in Kansas with some more money. These facts were obtained by an investigation ordered by the court. It seems that Marsh Doherty bought out Fisher Doherty, his father, on Aug. 15, and then failed in about two weeks. The creditors to-day file a lengthy complaint, charging that a conspir-racy was existing between Fisher Doherty, Marsh Doherty, A. F. Ramsey, assignee, E. P. McClaskey, county sheriff, the First Na-tional Bank and others to defraud them. Charges of the blackest character are made, which, if proven, will cause the downfall of several prominent citizens.
On the other hand, Marsh Doherty swore
before the court that G. W. Paul, attorney
for the creditors, told him that if he would give him \$500 he would use \$400 of it in buying up the attorneys for the creditors. B this is meant that a plan would be acted upon by the lawyers on both sides to de-fraud the creditors of Doherty out of all that was possible. The lawyers on both sides deny this, and there is also a row among the attorneys, There are rich devel-

Other Business Troubles LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 21.-John B. McIlvaine & Son, consisting of the John B. Mcllvaine estate and J. Banks McIlvaine, assigned this afternoon for the benefit of their creditors. The firm has been in existence here in the whisky business for twenty-five years. They are surety for Mattingly & Sons for \$103,000. They can pay about 65 cents on the dollar.

New York, Sept. 21.—The Hatch Lithographic Company, at Nos. 49, 51 and 53 Lafayette place, has been placed in the hands of the sher iff on a judgment for \$20,000. The business was established many years ago, and in 1872 the company succeeded the firm of Hatch & Co. In its early days, Christopher Meyer, now dead, was he president, and he was succeeded in that position by George H. Staynor, the companion o ves, who is now in Ludlow-street jail. Warne D. Hatch took control of it ten years ago, and continued as president until his tragic death in July, 1884, when he was struck by lightning and drowned while fishing. Warner Hatch Nostrand neceeded him to the present time. The comities are about \$50,000.

ANOTHER CRONIN -SUSPECT.

The Man Who Drove the Doctor to the Fatal Cottage Alleged to Have Been Found. CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—A dispatch from Oakland, Cal., is printed here, to the effect that Chicago officers are there for the purpose of arresting J. J. Hefferman, senior guardian of a Clan-na-Gael camp of that city on a charge of complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin. The Chicago end of the story, as told by an evening paper, is to the effect that Hefferman came to Chicago from San Francisco, with Tom Desmond, in April last; that, while here, he was very intimate with detective Dan Coughlin, who is now on trial for connection with the Cronin murder, and that he left this city shortly after the murder occurred. The story continues, saying that all of Hefferman's movements have been traced in this city; that, from a very close and accurate description of him, furnished by an intimate acquaintance, Mrs. Conklin, at whose house Dr Cronin boarded, and Frank Scanlan, his secretary. Hefferman has been identified as the man who called for Dr. Cronin on the fatal night, and drove him to his death. Whether or not a photograph of him has been secured cannot be learned, but the local authorities felt justified, under the circumstances, in securing a warrant of ex-tradition of Hefferman, and, on Tuesday last, officers were sent to San Francisco to A dispatch from San Francisco says no such person as Hefferman lives in that vi-

Motions on Behalf of Prisoners. CHICAGO, Sept. 21 .- No additional jurors were secured in the Cronin case to-day. Just before adournment lawyer Donahuerenewed his motion. made some time ago, on behalf of his client, Kunz, that he may ge given some information, directly or indirectly, as to what evidence is against the prisoner. He had, he said, no more information now than when the court appointed him, and desired that the State's attorney be directed to give the information. The matter was aroued at considerable length, and finally taken ander advisement by the court. mit experts of the defense to examine specimens of the blood-stains, furniture and other articles taken from the Carlson cottage, and to submit

Mr. Forrest gave notice that he would, on Monday, ask for a modification of the order of the court directing the State's attorney to perthe blood-stains to scientific analysis, "The prosecution," said Mr. Forrest, "is placing such ditions upon this order of the court, that in order to carry it out and comply with these conditions, it will cost the defense two or three thousand dollars, and we are not able to pay Judge McConnell did not render his decision

n the motion for the discharge of Woodruff to

Emancipation Celebration. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FRANKFORT, Ind., Sept. 21.-An emancipation celebration will take place next Tuesday, Sept. 24, at the fair grounds. Thousands of people will be in the city, as excursions will be here from Marion, Kokomo, Lafayette, Noblesville, Crawfordsville and many other cities. Music will be furnished by the celebrated K. of P. band to escort visitors to the grounds. Eminent speakers will be in attendance, among whom re: Dr. W. B. Derrick, of New York; Bishop . M. Brown, of Washington, D.C.; Hon. James V. Kent and Hon. Joseph C. Suit, of Frankfort, who will make the welcome address.

Secretary Rusk's Inspection Trip. MEDICINE LODGE, Kan., Sept. 21.-Secretary Rusk and party arrived here this afternoon from Attica, Kan., where they inspected the sugarworks there in the morning. The party was met by a committee from the Board of Trade here, driven around the town and afterwards tendered a public reception at the Board of Trade. Later on an inspection of the sugar-mills here was made. Secretary Rusk seemed leased with the success of the works, and predicted a great boom for Kansas in sugar-making. The party left this evening for Wichita.

Found Dead in Her Bed. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW CASTLE, Ind., Sept. 21 .- Mrs. Rachel Mendenhall, relict of the late Dr. Isaac Mendenhall, died suddenly at her home in this city last night. Her death was not known until this morning when some member of the family found her dead in her bed. Mrs. Mendenhall was one of the old residents of the city, and was a lady highly

esteemed in the community. Her sudden death

was a sad surprise to her many friends.

Welsh Ministerial Convention. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 21.—At the Welsh Ministerial Convention of the United States, in session here to-day, the following members were appointed to comprise the new board: Rev. Robert Lewis, of New York: Rev. E. Morgan, of Pennsylvania; Rev. T. C. Davis, of Ohio; Rev. J. R. Jones, of Wisconsin; Rev. Joseph Roberts, of Minnesota, and Rev. Richard Hughes, of Missouri. A resolution of thanks was tendered to Rev. T. C. Davis, who has served as secretary

of the Board of Missions for the past eighteen

A Minister Expelled.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MARSHALL, Ill., Sept. 21 .- The South Indiana Conference of the German Evangelical Church closed its labors here to-night, but the appointments will not be announced until to-morrow. The clarges against J. J. Fox, recently stationed at Terre Haute, of intemperance and misappropriation of funds were examined to-day. The result was that Rev. Fox was expelled from the DIGGING OUT THE VICTIMS.

Dangers Attending the Rescue of Persons Imprisoned by Fallen Rock at Quebec.

QUEBEC, Sept. 21 .- Although rain fell inessantly last night, the work of digging out the victims of the landslide was carried on through the entire night. The efforts of the workers were concentrated on the spot where a man named Hemp was supposed to be. At 4 o'clock this morning the work was far enough advanced to allow him to be seen at a distance of about fifteen feet from the base of operations. Hemp would sing a couple of songs and then would shout "Police, police!" The poor man is either insane or in a delirium. A man named Beauchamp who, with his two brothers, had worked at the wreck without sleep ever since the landslide, crawled into a small opening to get at Kemp, who was lying about fifteen feet away under an im-mense pile of stones, but had not gone six feet under the pile when the whole mass came down on his back. Beauchamp, however, being a strong, courageous man, managed to crawl back a couple of feet, but could not move an inch further, his progress being blocked by the corpse of a woman. A Redemptorist father, who passed the night on the scene encouraging the workers, kneeled down and began to recite a prayer. The men, although almost ex-hausted by their constant hard struggles and weakened by the pouring rain, which inundated all about them, seeing Beauchamp apparently doomed to certain death, rushed to his rescue with all the energy of despair, and, after great efforts, their com-rade was pulled out alive and without serious injury, though somewhat stunned and bruised. John Nolan, who was thought to have

been killed at the beginning of the catas-trophe, was found still alive, though he had been imprisoned under a mass of ruins three feet deep, for thirty-six hours.

This afternoon a squad of "B" batterymen discovered the body of Mrs. Kemp under a mass of stones, beams and rafters.

The head only was clear. In order to release the body the men attempted to remove a stone weighing some 500 pounds but it crashed down upon the woman's head, smashing it to a jelly. The body was recovered later, but a leg was torn of in pulling it out of the wreck. The corpse of Margaret Welsh was reached under a pile of masonry. The head was almost severed from the body, which was horribly mutilated. These are the only additional corpses found after twenty-four heurs' hard work. The quantity of rocks, lumber and masonry is so great that three or four hour's of hard work does not show any difference in the debris. It is thought that sixteen persons are still missing, and that they were in the basements of the buildings at the time of the landslide. The debris must be cleared level to the ground in order to reach them, and this work will occupy several days. Three sailors are supsed to be buried under a huge pile of fallen rocks, the top of which is about thirty feet above the level of the road.

The guard-room of the river police sta tion has been transformed into a mortuar chapel, and the twenty corpses recovered have been laid in a row in front of the altar, on which a number of tapers and lamps are burning. Aromatic essences are also burned to counteract the stench arising from the decomposing bodies. The chapel is open to the public, and the people flock there en masse. Twenty hearses have been secured for the funeral, which takes place to-morrow. A solemn service will be held at St. Patrick's Church. Members of the Provincial Parliament, city councilors and other prominent citizens will attend the funeral services.

Cause of the Mission Ridge Accident. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 21.—It has been found by a coroner's inquest on the body of Mrs. Adams, of Casey, Ill., who was killed yesterday by jumping from an electric car on Missio Ridge, that the current of electricity did not fail, but that the cause of the accident was a ack of appliances on the car for preventing the wheels from slipping on the track. The electric current did its duty, as it was proved on trial that the wheels were turning ight direction to carry the car up the track, but the car being heavily loaded and the tracks being covered with heavy dew, the wheels refused to take the rails, and slipped down hill. No further deaths have occurred, but Capt. Owen Wiley, of Casey, Ill., is not so well, and fears are enterained that he will not recover.

Woman's Missionary Society Officers. READING, Pa., Sept. 21.—At to-night's meeting of the National Evangelical Woman's Missionary society, officers were elected as follows: President, Mrs. C. F. Rassweiller, Napierville, Ill.; vice-presidents, Mrs. E. Krecker, Fredericksburg, Pa.; Mrs. F. G. Sauffor, of Ashland, O.; Mrs. W. C. Foulke, of Freeport, Ill.; recording secretary, Mrs. Charles Baltz, of Chicago; corresponding secretary, Mrs. S. F. Utteref, of Napierville, Ill.; treasurer, Mrs. N. C. Schneider, of derville, Ill.; treasurer, Mrs. N. C. Schneider, of Chicago; editor of the Missionary Messenger Mrs. S. S. Preyer of Cleveland, O.; superintend ent of mission handwork, Mrs. G. L. Haines, o

Voorhees and Gray Speak Together. Special to the Indianapolis Journal SCOTTSBURG, Ind., Sept. 21.—The "tariffreform picnic here to-day was attended by about 800 people. Senator Voorhees and ex-Gov. Isaac P. Gray were the principal speakers, both putting in their best licks for popularity for future use in the senatorial race. Voorhees read his speech from manuscript, and kept a tight rein on his

Injured in a Runaway. Special to the Indianapolts Journal hand, of this place, was thrown from a buggy while driving from Albany here, last night, and seriously hurt. Being drunk, he and his com panion lay out all night, and were picked up this morning. The exposure, added to his injuries,

may prove fatal. Two Men Burned to Death. St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 21.—Last night about 10 o'clock the residence of Michael Haupt, a well-to-do farmer, living about three miles from Spring Hill, in this county, was destroyed by fire, and his two sons, Conrad and Alvis, aged twenty-six and twenty-three years, perished in the flames. The other members of the family barely escaped with their lives.

Fatal Freight-Train Collision.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 21.—A collision be-tween freight trains occurred on the Boston & Maine railroad, this morning, between Lancaster and South Lancaster. Engineer Edward Lawrence, of Rochester, had his left arm broken; fireman Warren was killed, and Peter Tapro in-jured about the head. The cars, thirteen in number, were piled on top of each other. The engines were ruined.

Fortitude Born of Love.

It was in the year 1880, in a third-rate city called Neutchateau, in the Department des Vosges, France, about noon, that we were passing, my father and myself, in front of a store where, in addition to hardware, a supply of ammunition was kept for the use of the regiment there. Suddenly we heard a terrible explosion, and being either thrown or having unconsciously run, know not, we, at any rate, found ourselves about twenty yards from where the explosion occurred, and could see part of the roof in the street. We had hardly reached the building when a man came out of it covered with

powder, his hair and beard burning and large pieces of flesh hanging from his face and bare arms. Never will I forget the horror of the sight; his flesh was charred and his clothing partly burned. As he reached the sidewalk he looked around him and called a name I did not catch. Receiving no answer, he went right back into the burning furnace, and in a few seconds came out bearing in his arms his child, a girl of six or seven. Those nearer to him heard him sav:

"My darling, are you hurt? Oh, you are hurt!" While the poor little thing kept saying: "No. papa, I am not hurt, not at all; you are burning, think of yourself," and vet the blood was trickling from her forehead where the flying debris made a deep gash. Both recovered, though disfigured for life. At the time I thought there was not only one hero, but two.

The Parson Collected His Salary. Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

"Business is business," is the motto of the Rev. George B. Titus, of Saco. At the beginning of the fourth year of his pastorate e asked that his salary be raised from \$900 to \$1,000 a year. The prudential committee were unable to raise money enough the past year, and told Mr. Titus that he must get along with \$900. "Not much," said Mr. Titus. He declined to accept his last month's salary at the rate of \$900, and would only give a receipt on account, telling the committee that they must pay him \$1,000 per annum or he must seek another vineyard. This transaction started a discombebolation in the society, and resulted in a rather exciting parish meeting. Crit-

icisms were made upon the pastor's course and on the committee's action. One of the nmittee resigned, and it was hard work to find anybody who would take his place.
The upshot of the whole matter was that
the parish decided to raise the extra money.
The Rev. George B. Titus seems to have
brought the bretbren to terms. Verily, business is business.

IN CARLYLE'S SCHOOL.

A Scene That Introduces "the Best Scholar of Kirkealdy."

It should at once be mentioned that this It should at once be mentioned that this "scene"—down to its minutest details—was described by an eye-witness, a Cupar-Fife lawyer and provost who had been a pupil under Carlyle, and whose representation of his teacher's peculiarities was all the more likely to be exact and trustworthy from his not having any idea that his Carlyle—"the queer mortal that stormed and walloped learning into him"—was identical with the world-famous Thomas Carlyle. This ignorance, in the pupil, of Carlyle's This ignorance, in the pupil, of Carlyle's career as an author rendered the account of what he saw in the Kirkcaldy school not only more faithful in itself, but also more richly curious to those hearers, all whose knowledge of Carlyle related to his literary achievements. The provost had soon to answer several questions, and was apparently staggered at the keen interest taken in his stern schoolmaster; but he obviously explained this to himself by the humor which he had shed into his recital. Must be not have quietly put forth Charles Lamb's power in making his scowling dominie fascinating to strangers? One of those eager hearers was the well-known Edinburgh journalist, Hugh Miller, who happened at the time (in 1853) to be a few days in Cupar-Fife. * An elder gentleman in the Cupar dinner-party described the former teachers as always during school hours wearing their hats, at least keeping their heads covered; and many of the boys, viewing the peculiar angle at which the hat stood upon the head, and how near it came to the eyebrows, could conjecture if the savage mood were to be that day predom

"But my teacher," said the provost, "a strict and gloomy disciplinarian, with the name of Carlyle, never wore his hat in the school; and, indeed, his brow was so overhung with dark threatening, and his large glowing eyes constantly shot forth wrath while his protruding chin was laden with scorn, that no extra expression to alarm us was needed from his lum-hat. He did not thrash us either very often or very severely, but we had a fear that, if proishment. I have seen his mere scowl hush at once the whole school. The biggest and boldest boys specially dreaded his grins and his mocking words. How savagely his teeth were wont to grind out the terms dunce or blockhead. Hugh Miller here interposed by asking,

"Did your teacher ever burst into a strange laugh in school?" "That is a very odd question," returned the provost. "Why do you ask? But now that I remember he had at times a very extraordinary laugh that made us all stare. It had a train of queer chuckling, which exploded in a succession of loud and deep guffaws that shook his whole body and displayed all his teeth like the keys of a piano. He then clapped his hands on the book he held against his knees; yet none of us ever knew at what he was laughing. He had a grim smile in reproving pupils and a habit of tapping their heads with his knuckles, as he told them that the heads would never be worth the price of hats or the charge o a barber, though mammas and aunts had that morning, combed, kissed and blessed them in pious wonder as if they were teem ing with the sublimest inventions and de-

The provost saw that Hugh Miller and some other guests were listening eagerly and he proceeded: "One morning, a few minutes before the school-hour, when most of the pupils had arrived, and—as rain was falling—they had gone into the school, a donkey, which had broken loose from its tether on a grassy

spot near, was entering the play-ground. Bill Hood and I were so far on our way; and Bill, who was a stout and frolicsome lad-the ringleader in many sports and tricks-rushed to mount the animal, and began to guide and force it into the school With desperate spurring the donkey was induced to carry its rider over the threshold; and what a reception both of them got from the juvenile crowds! Bags of books were at once fastened to the tail and around the neck of the ass; and so busy were Bill and half a dozen companions in urging the brute to a canter round the school, and to ascend the short stair of the master's desk, that they did not notice how time was speeding; and before they could remove the stranger, Mr. Carlyle appeared We expected a tremendous explosion of wrath, but he burst into a roar of laughter -such a roar, however, as, instead of tempting us to join in it, produced a sud-den and complete hush, and that roar was renewed again and again, when the ass, withdrawing its forefeet from the step of the desk chair, and, turning round, took pace or two slowly toward the master. as if to salute him. 'That,' exclaimed Carlyle, 'is the wisest and best scholar Kirkcaldy has yet sent me; he is fit to be your teacher.' He tapped the donkey's head as he was wont to do ours. and said: 'There's something here, far more than in the skulls of any of his brethren before me, though these skulls are patted in fond admiration by papas and mammas, and though that far grander head-piece meets only with merciless blows.' He then gave some hard taps on Bill Hood's head, and would who had been most active in helping Bill to go through the farce had to march in pairs before and behind the perplexed looking ass. He did not require the other scholars to attend to their several school lessons, but silently permitted them to stand spectators of the grotesque procession. Then he himself, seated within his pulpit-like desk, surveyed Bill and his company with a strange mixture of mirth, scorn and fury. "The procession had not been broken up when an old and ragged Irishman-the owner of the animal-came upon the scene and expressed both surprise and anger at the drill through which his faithful Pat (as he called the ass, after his country's saint) was going, and especially at the load of book-bags attached to his tail. He did not seem to understand the compliments which Mr. Carlyle pronounced upon the donkey' brain-power and wisdom, but admitted that Pat had a very big head, which all the shillelahs at Donnybrook Fair would not break; and he offered-'if master had a fancy for Pat as a scholar, and wished to taitch him mathematics and the globes, he would let him have the brute for a single picture' (the Irisman's term for a pound note). The laugh with which our teacher received and rejected this proposal nearly confounded Barney, who hurried away with his donkey, loudly expressing a

the schoolmaster, but that he would not be spoiled or get too bigh notions through that morning's lesson! I remember that our master glared angrily at the Irishman for playing off wit against his laughter; but I don't exactly recollect what he said in return that provoked the donkey's own-er. It was something about Paddy and the millions of his countrymen keeping them-selves outside of all schools, and growing up uneducated savages, to feed on potatoes and on the lying humbug of agitators—a people that should be within infant schools yet shouting for Repale and the right to

govern themselves. I have not for years

thought of this seene," continued the pro-

vost, "but it has now come back to me

freshly, and I remember that my old mas-

ter had a very strange laugh. I don't know what has become of him; nor, indeed,

hope that the animal would be cured of

braying after hearing such a laugh from

have I heard of him since I left Kirkcaldy Cæsar Didn't Go to Bed.

Scottish American.

A Scotch minister was sorely kept under by his "better half," who placed him and his friends on very short allowance. On one occasion he had a visit from an old acquaintance, and after patiently waiting for his wife's departure she at length, as he thought, retired for the night. She had no sooner left than the henpecked husband exultingly exclaimed: "I'm determined to be Cæsar in my own house!" and at the same time rang the bell and ordered refreshments. Just as he and his friend were beginning to enjoy themselves "my lady. who had overheard her unfortunate lord's boastful ejaculation, popped her head in at the door and said firmly: "Cæsar, come to

was shown. Owning all the land immed ately surrounding the town, to the extent of about 5,000 acres, the offended party willed it to his sister for her use during her life, following which it is to be held in trust for ninety-nine years by the probate judge of the county, at the end of which period it is to go to the heirs. This shuts the town up for over a hundred years within the encircling land, and will result in killing the place, because none of the testator's holdings may be had for use. It will be seen from this little incident that there are several ways of terminating the life-leases of

KOSSUTH AND HATS.

How His Visit to This Country Originated a National Headgear.

A few days ago the Herald printed a cable ccount of Bismarck's secret attempt to have the old Hungarian patriot Louis Kossuth driven out of Italy. There are still housands of Americans who remember the visit of the distinguished Hungarian leader to this country, and his picturesque ap-pearance and glorious speeches in liberty. But there is one little incident connected with that visit which only a few know of. It is the invention, or rather the popular-izing of a species of headgear now become famous the world over as the "American hat." Kossuth was a prisoner at Kutahiyeh n Asia Minor after the overthrow of the Hungarian army in 1849 (chiefly effected by the Russians) for two years. During this period of confinement he mastered the English language with the aid of Shakspeare and Johnson's dictionary. In August, 1851, the minister plenipotentiary of the American government and the English embassador effected his release, despite the threats

of Austria. Kossuth embarked at Smyrna on an American vessel, and arrived in England n October. In the latter part of Novemper he came to America. A hatter had already designed a head-gear—a soft felt with a wide brim, very much like what the G. A. R. hat is, and when the vessel arrived sent them down the bay and covered the heads of Kossuth and his compatriots with them It was, then, in an American hat that Kossuth made his first appearance in this country. The idea took amazingly, and every town and city where the Hungarian patriot went he was met by crowds wearing the new hat out of compliment to him, as he wore it out of compliment to them. Wherever he delivered his eloquent speeches in stirring English he excited the greatest enthusiasm, and these hats were

flung into the air with joy. There are now half a dozen varieties of kind of head covering. with a high, sloping crown, with the edge of the brim braided, comes nearest to the old native hat of Kossuth. The standard hat is the Pacific, with a very broad brim and a low crown. During the Fentan excitement, twenty-five years ago, any man seen wearing a hat of this kind in Ireland was instantly arrested as a "suspect"-as one of those filibustering Americans who had just come out of the war and wanted to create a revolution in Ireland." And many an innocent American tourist was also arrested because of the same kind of

CROWNS ON GRINNING SKULLS. Some Ghastly Contrasts at Royal and Ducal

Ghastly and grinning skulls were there dorned in crowns of gold. Dark and parchment-dried faces were seen, with their golden hair, rich as ever, and twisted with gems and golden nets. The cardinals wore still their miters, and red cloaks, and splendid rings. On the breast of Cardinal Carlos (son of Ferdinand I) was a beautiful cross of white enamel, with the effigy of Christ in black and surrounded with emeralds, and on his hand a rich sapphire

On that of Cardinal Leopold (the son of Cosimo II), over the purple planeta, was a cross of amethysts and on his finger a jacinth set in enamel. The dried bones of Victoria della Rovere Montefeltro were draped by a dress of black silk of beautiful texture, trimmed with black and white lace, with a great golden medal on her breast, and the portrait of her as she was in life lying on one side and her emblems on the other; while all that remained of herself were a few bones.

Anna Louisa, the Electress Palatine of the Rhine, daughter of Cosimo III, lay there, almost a skeleton, robed in a rich violet velvet, with the electoral crown surmounting a black, ghastly face of parchment, a medal of gold, with her effigy and name on one side, and on her breast a crucifix of silver; while Francisco Maria, her uncle, lay beside her, a mass of putrid Cosimo I and Cosimo II had been stripped

by profane hands of all their jewels and insignia, and so had Eleanora Toledo and Maria Christina and many others, to the number of twenty.

The two bodies which were found in the best preservation were those of the Grand Duchess Giovanna d'Austria, the wife of Francisco I, and their daughter Anna. Corruption had scarcely touched them, and they lay there fresh in color, as if they had just died. The mother, in her red satin, trimmed with lace, her red silk stockings and high-heeled shoes, the ear-rings hanging from her ears, and her blonde hair as

fresh as ever; and equally well preserved was the body of her daughter—the color of their faces scarcely changed. And so, centuries after they had been laid. there, the truth became evident of the rumor that ran through Florence at the time. of their death that they had died of poison. not allow him to dismount, but-for a | The arsenic which had taken from them penalty-ordered him to ride up and down | them life had preserved their bodies. Giothe school for an hour, while those boys | vanna delle Bande Nere was also therethe bones scattered and loose within his iron armor and his rusted helmet with the visor down. And this is what was left of

Coffee pounded in a mortar and roasted on an iron plate, sugar burned on hot coals, and vinegar boiled with myrrh and sprinkled on the floor and furniture of a

sick-room are excellent deodorizers.

S the "ideal" Hair-dressing. It re-I stores the color to gray hair ; promotes a fresh and vigorous growth; prevents the formation of dandruff; makes the

hair soft and silken. and imparts a delicate but lasting per-"Several months ago my hair commenced falling out, and in a few weeks my head was almost bald. I tried man;

emedies, but they did no good. I finally bought a bottle of Aver's Hair Vigor. and, after using only a part of the contents, my head was covered with a heavy growth of hair. I recommend your preparation as the best in the world."-T. Munday, Sharon Grove, Ky. "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a number of years, and it has always given me satisfaction. It is an excellent dressing, prevents the hair from turning gray, insures its vigorous growth, and keeps the scalp white and clean." -Mary A. Jackson, Salem, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for promoting the growth of the hair, and think it unequaled. For restoring the hair to its original color, and for a dressing, it cannot be surpassed."-Mrs. Geo. La Fever, Eaton Rapids, Mich. "Ayer's Hair Vigor is a most excel-

ent preparation for the hair. I speak

of it from my own experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair and makes it glossy and soft. The Vigor is also a cure for dandruff."—J. W. Bowen, Editor "Enquirer," McArthur, Ohio. "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for the past two years, and found it all it is represented to be. It restores the naturai color to gray hair, causes the hair to grow freely, and keeps it soft and pliant."—Mrs. M. V. Day, Cohoes. N. Y. "My father, at about the age of fifty, lost all the hair from the top of his head. After one month's trial of Ayer's Hair Vigor the hair began coming, and, in three months, he had a fine growth of

nair of the natural color."-P. J. Cullen, Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumer.